Asset Information Management from a Local Perspective

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1. Establish the context

2. Understand the value

3. Optimise the value



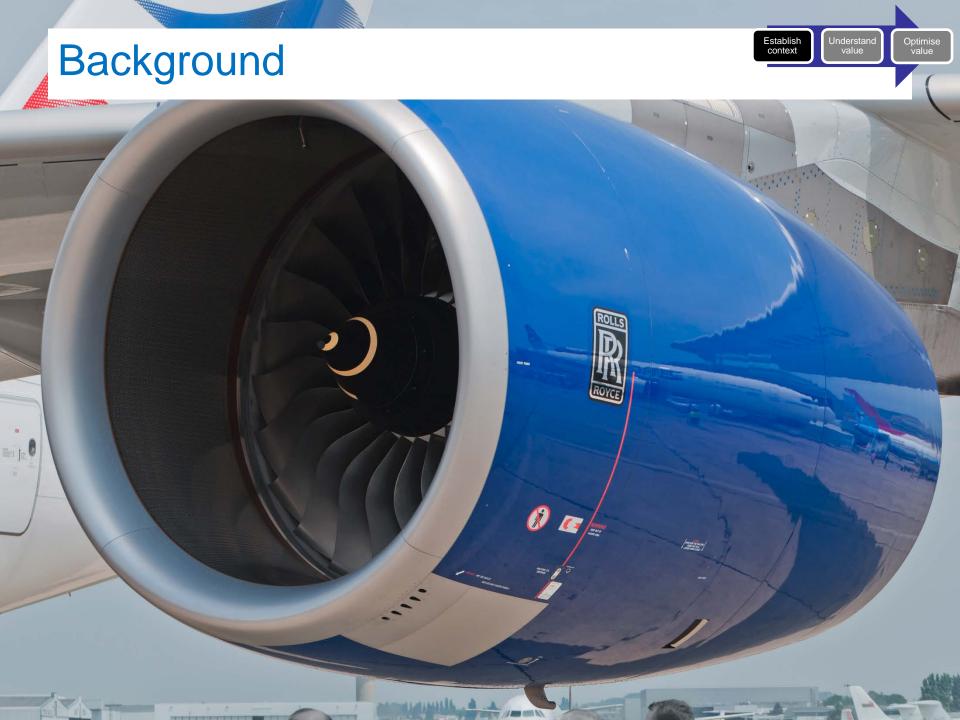




- Background to project
- Approach
- Findings
- Assessment tool
- Next steps



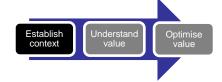




Background



- Shifting from 'product manufacture' to 'service delivery'
- Different organisations need to share information
- Parallels with collaborative civil engineering?



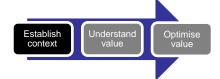
 2011, Cabinet Office release Government Construction Strategy report

> "Government will require fully collaborative 3D BIM (with all project and asset information, documentation and data being electronic) as a minimum by 2016"



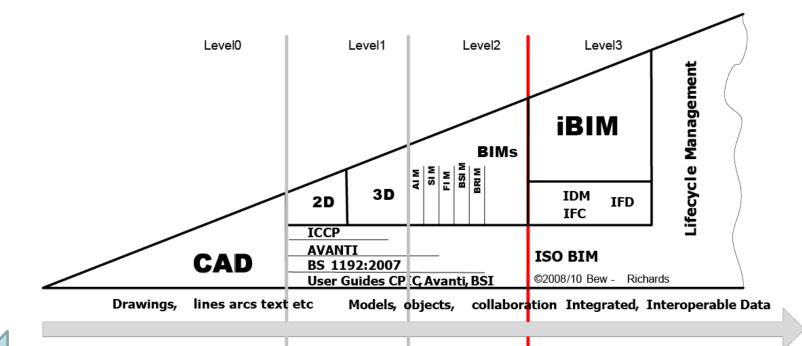






Government
Construction
Strategy

 2011, BIM Task Group formed and agree target of BIM Level 2









2011

2013

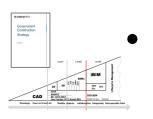
2014



BIM L2

Cambridge Centre for

Smart Infrastructure and Construction



2011-12, BS8541-x "Library objects for architecture, engineering and construction" released

Covering various mechanics of BIM





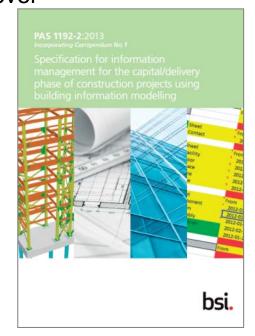
BIM L2

Cambridge Centre for Smart Infrastructure



2013, PAS1192-2:2013 "Specification for the information management for the capital/delivery phase (...)" released

"The purpose of the PAS is to support the objective to achieve BIM maturity Level 2 by specifying requirements for this level"







Converted Conver

2013

2014

2015

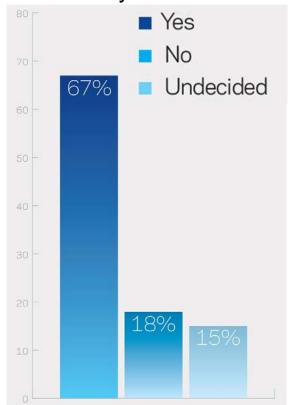
2016

BIM L2

Cambridge Centre for

2014, Panic sets in

"Do you think the government will fail to hit its key target of having all centrally procured projects achieve Level 2 BIM by 2016?"



http://www.building.co.uk/government-will-miss-key-2016-bim-target%E2%80%99/5066460.article





BIM L2

Cambridge Centre for Smart Infrastructure

2016

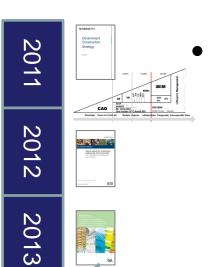
2014, PAS1192:3-2014 "Specification for information management for the operational phase of assets (...)" released

"The purpose of PAS1192:3 is to act as a partner to PAS 1192:2 and support the Level 2 BIM objective by setting out a framework for information management for the whole life cycle of asset"









BIM Panic

BIM L2

Cambridge Centre for

Smart Infrastructure

and Construction

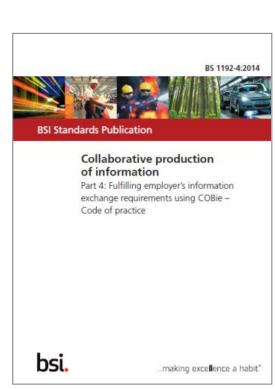
2014

2015

2016

2014, BS 1192-4:2014 "Fulfilling employers information exchange requirements using COBie" released

Code of practice to help show compliance to BIM Level 2







2011

2012

2013

2014 | 2015



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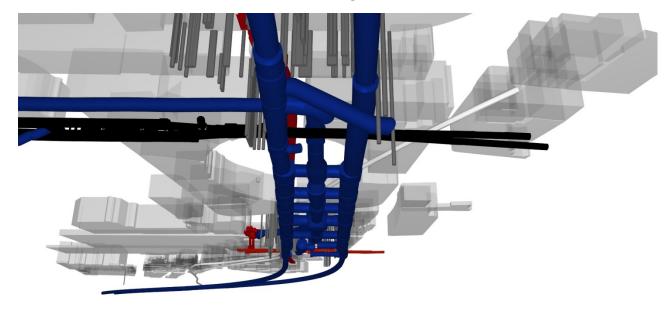
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BIM Panic

2015, Various high profile success stories
Some people stop panicking quite as much



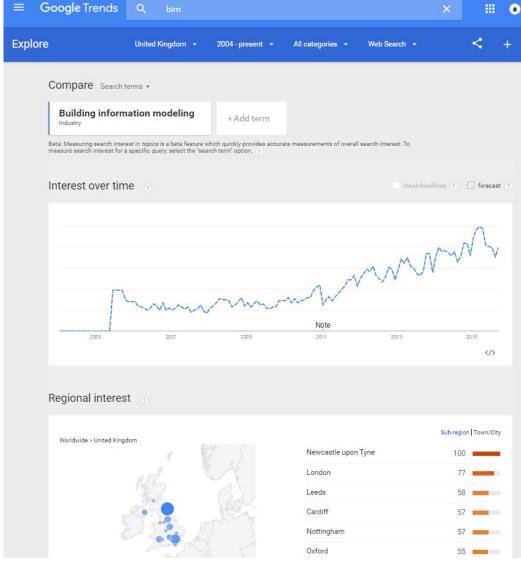




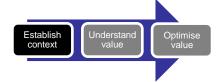






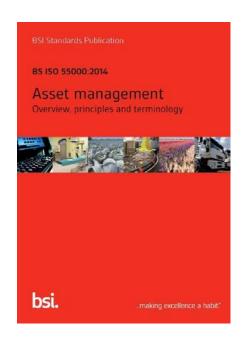






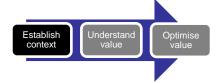
- Meanwhile, at the IAM...
- 2014, ISO 55,000 "Asset Management" released

Drawing heavily from PAS55-2008, sets out 'whole life value' approaches to managing various assets



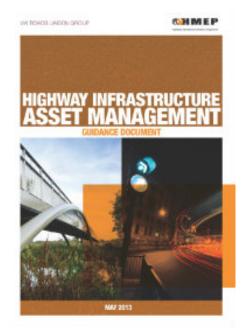






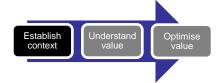
- Meanwhile, at the UK Roads Liaison Group...
- 2013, "Highway Infrastructure Asset Management Guidance Document" released

"This Guidance makes 14 recommendations which are presented as the minimum requirements to achieve a reasonable level of benefit from asset management"





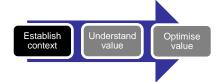




- Many parallel streams in the same space
- Large construction projects and strategic assets able to see real benefits



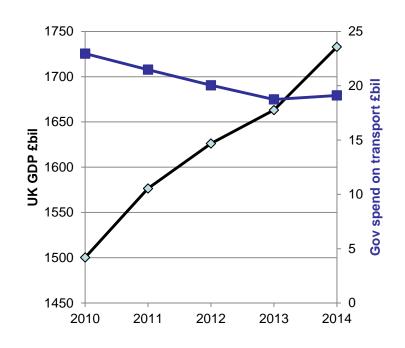




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However...

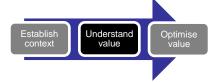
- Asset managers for existing assets can't easily achieve BIM
- Civil infrastructure assets (roads, bridges etc) are managed by Local Authority councils (LAs)
- Small teams, with small budgets and thousands of assets







Approach to Understand Value



Observations:

- LAs lack the resources of larger strategic asset owners
- LAs are less engaged with BIM and ISO 55,000
- LAs have wide ranging info systems

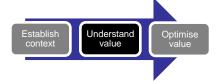
Aims:

- Interview LA asset owners regarding their asset information systems
- Highlight common issues to draw attention
- Match current weaknesses in practice with opportunities in guidance



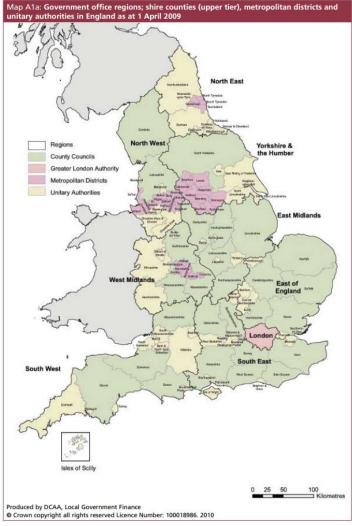


Approach to Understand Value



- Approach:
 - One-to-one interviews with asset owners
- Selected English two-tier councils
 - Nation-wide, covering the most land
- Interviewed asset owners responsible for:
 - 82% of shire counties
 - 50,000 bridges
 - More than 300km of retaining walls
 - £50mil total budget
- Many many thanks to Kevin! ADE







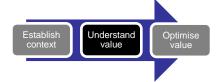










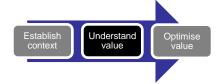


Management

- About 1500 bridges and several hundred walls per LA is typical
- Ignoring walls, about £1000 per bridge per year
- 4-20 head count, normally closer to 4
- 'Special assets' (tunnels, swing bridges, sea walls) can really skew budgets and staffing
- 'Capital' and 'revenue' budgetary pots are handled differently in different places
- Decisions can be driven by politics rather than engineering





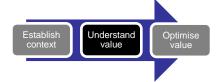


Information systems

- About 5 different software systems used
- Only one is bespoke for bridges
- The rest are 'bolt-ons' to highways systems, and are not ideal
- Some LAs have fully integrated cloud/smartphone based systems with everything stored online
- Some have exclusively paper based systems





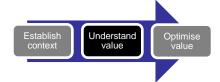


Information quality

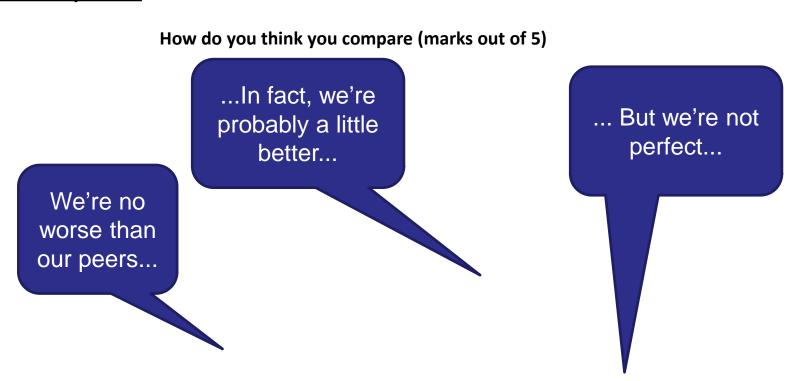
- What info is held and how/where/for how long varies dramatically
- As a minimum, all recent inspection reports are available everywhere (allegedly)
- Older records are consistently less available, but 'what is there is good'





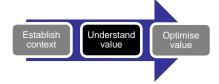


Self perception







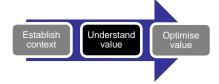


Specific recurring themes

- Legacy issues:
 - Bridges are 100+ years old, which gives plenty of scope for records to be lost
 - Migrating data between systems
 - Scanning microfilm/paper records
- Ownership of retaining walls
 - Records never existed, or ambiguous often gets litigious
- Communication with other stakeholders
 - Some can be dogmatic, steamrolling through
 - Never speak to the same person twice







Specific recurring themes

- Lack of bespoke info management system for bridges
 - Often unable to find the right info, even if it is 'definitely there'
- Calculating replacement costs for government accounting
 - Difficult to pull out info from some systems
 - Info unavailable or quality insufficient
- Information generally missing
- Lack of resources (people's time) to solve any of the above

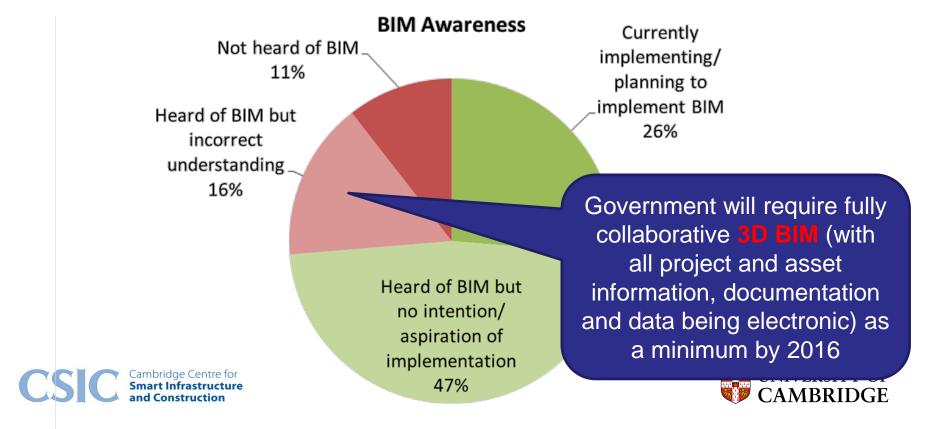


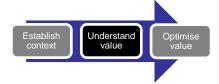




BIM Awareness

- Most people have heard of BIM
- Very few have heard of COBie or PAS1192



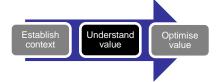


BIM – Perceived Barriers

- 'What's in it for me' is not clear
- General feeling that its 'more trouble than its worth'
- 'Want a solution appropriate to the problem, which BIM isn't'
- The best of the existing systems would probably (at least) come close to BIM Level 2



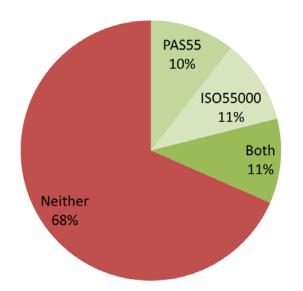




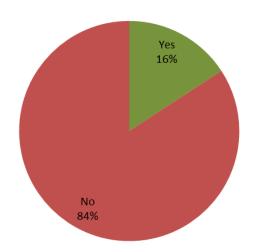
PAS55 and ISO 55,000

- Most people either have copies on their desk...
- ...OR have said 'our asset management people will probably be aware of this', and don't know themselves
- Many are beginning to take a long term view, such as waterproofing bridges, thanks to HMEP document

Which asset management standards are you aware of?



Currently implementing/ planning to implement PAS55 or ISO55000





PAS55 and ISO 55,000

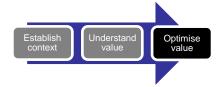
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- Many are beginning to take a least general genera

PAS55
10%

ISO55
11

...Our asset management people will probably be aware of this...

Neither 68%



Specific, actionable challenges

- Lack of awareness of ISO 55,000 and BIM in LA community
- Lack of buy-in to 'asset management' as a mind set from senior managers (eg, local councillors)
- With 50,000 assets, ranging from two planks of wood to swing bridges, where do we start?





Specific, actionable challenges

- Lack of awareness of ISO 55,000 and BIM in LA community
- Lack of buy-in management senior manag councillors)

Covering the detailed findings of the above interviews

• With 50,000 assets, ranging from two planks of wood to swing bridges, where do we start?







Specific, act

Lack of awa

and BIM in

Questionnaire-based information system self assessment tool

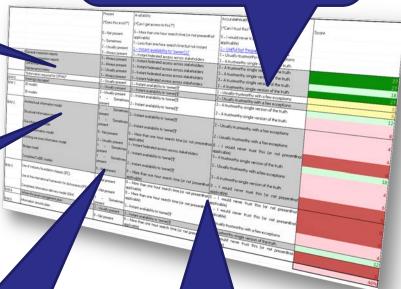
ased 'ri m self

 Lack of buy-in to 'asset management' as a mind set from senior managers (eg, local councillors)

Prioritises 'problem areas'

ng bridges,

Directs users to the 'right' part of guidance documents



Benchmarks against peers with optional online submission

Offers personalised and targeted advice direct from guidance docs



Specific, act

 Lack of awa and BIM in "BIM should be deployed where the risks of not doing so are too high" - Julian Schwarzenbach

- Lack of buy-in to 'asset management' as a mind set from senior managers (eg, local councillors)
- With 50,000 assets, ranging from two planks of wood to swing bridges where do we start?

Apply IfM's existing
Total Information Risk
Management (TIRM)
tools to assets

Risk-based prioritisation of BIM deployment

An EPSRC Proposal



Quantify potential
benefits of BIM
deployment to existing
assets to build a
business case





Summary

- Local authority asset managers interviews
- Represent thousands of assets, but often not on the same page as strategic asset owners
- Self assessment tool developed to help uptake of guidance in standards
- Future work prioritisation of deploying BIM to existing assets



